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Model JCC-13 & 14

Sample Inventory Coincidence Counters III











Nuclear

Healthcare

Homeland Security & Defense

Labs and Education

Industrial and Manufacturing

KEY FEATURES

- Authorized for routine inspection use as the INVS, Inventory Sample Coincidence Counter
- Designed for passive neutron assay of plutonium
- High counting efficiency 42%
- Variable sample cavity size
- Fast Amptek® electronics
- 18 ³He detectors
- Transportable
- Optional transport container

DESCRIPTION

The JCC-13 and JCC-14 are based on a design developed at Los Alamos National Laboratories (LANL) in the United States under the United States Department of Energy development programs. They have also been authorized for routine inspection use of nuclear material at facilities placed under international safeguards.

The JCC-14 is designed to assay plutonium inventory samples inside a glovebox. It is an upgraded version of the JCC-12¹, and fits around the drywell of the glovebox². Samples are loaded into an aluminum carrier inside the glovebox and then lowered into the JCC-14 for counting. The JCC-13 which is a modification of the Los Alamos National Laboratory design, differs only in the sample diameter and the method of sample loading. The JCC-13 is slightly larger in diameter than the JCC-14, and uses top loading to minimize torn sample bags. The JCC-13 is a transportable counter, designed for verification inspections at multiple sites.

The JCC-13 and JCC-14 provide a flatter axial response and higher efficiency than the JCC-12. The cylindrical-shaped sample holder accommodates various samples including liquids, powders and pellets.

The sample cavity can be enlarged by removing the polyethylene sleeve around the aluminum sample carrier.

However, enlarging the sample cavity decreases efficiency and makes the measurement more sensitive to hydrogen in the sample. The counter is intended to operate in the 0.1 to 500 g Pu mass range.

A cadmium sleeve lines the central region of the sample cavity to flatten the response profile along the length of the ³He tubes. The graphite end plugs act as reflectors. Surrounding the sample cavity is a ring of high-density polyethylene with 18 ³He proportional detectors embedded in the polyethylene.

The tubes are arranged in two concentric rings to maximize detector efficiency. The tubes are divided into three groups of six. Each group is wired together and connected to one JAB-01 Amplifier/ Discriminator circuit board. The three JAB-01s are mounted inside the high voltage junction box with LED indicator lights mounted externally on the junction box to indicate proper operation of each JAB-01 channel. Electrical connections between the JCC-13 or JCC-14 and the JSR-12 Neutron Coincidence Analyzer include +5 V and HV. The combination of signals will be combined into a logical OR.

The detector is portable and fits into an optional carrying case for transport.

A JSR-12 Neutron Coincidence Analyzer, a computer and analysis software are required for coincidence counting but are not included with the JCC-13 or JCC-14.

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SPECIFICATIONS

PERFORMANCE

- HV Setting 1760 V.
- Gate Setting 64 μs.
- Die-Away Time JCC-13: 60 μs; JCC-14: 53 μs.
- Detector Efficiency 42% with smallest sample configuration.
- Sensitivity Range 0.1 to 500 g Pu.

PHYSICAL

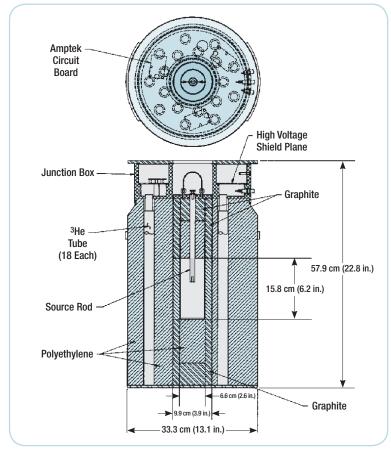
- Size, JCC-13/14 58.4 x 33.3 cm (23 x 13.1 in.)
 H x Dia.
- Weight, JCC-13/14 34 kg (75 lb).
- Sample Cavity Size
- JCC-13 15.75 x 6.1 cm (6.2 x 2.4 in.) H x Dia.
- JCC-14 15.75 x 5.2 cm (6.2 x 2.1 in.) H x Dia.
- 3He Tubes 18.
- 3He Rings 2.
- ³He Active Length 39.4 x 2.54 cm (15.5 x 1 in.) L x Dia.
- · Cladding Aluminum.

OPTIONS

- Transport container.
- ²⁵²Cf neutron source (1 each) with source strength of 5x10⁴ neutrons/sec for making routine normalization measurements. An aluminum source rod that reproduces the position of the source is included with the JCC-13.
- The bottom plug can be modified to accommodate a Low Energy Germanium detector for isotopic measurements. Option must be specified at the time of purchase of the counter.

REFERENCES

- Menlove, H.O., Holbrooks, O.R. and Ramalho, A. (1982). *Inventory Sample Coincidence Counter Manual*. Report LA-9544-M. Los Alamos, New Mexico: Los Alamos National Laboratory.
- Miller, M.C., Menlove, H.O. and Russo, P.A. (1991). A High Efficiency Neutron Coincidence Counter for Small Samples. Proceedings of the Fourth International Conference on Facilities Operations – Safeguards Interface, p. 420. Albuquerque, New Mexico.



Model JCC-13 - Sample Inventory Coincidence Counter III



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